=> s l1 and review L4 1152 L1 AND REVIEW

=> dis his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:25:10 ON 21 FEB 2003)

FILE 'MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, HCAPLUS, NTIS, ESBIOBASE, BIOTECHNO, WPIDS' ENTERED AT 12:25:17 ON 21 FEB 2003

L1 29774 S RAF

37 S L1 (10A) ANGIOGENE?

10 DUP REM L2 (27 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L4 1152 S L1 AND REVIEW

=> log h

L2

L3

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 35.72

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE ENTRY SESSION -2.60 -2.60

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 60 MINUTES

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                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
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     1
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 2 Apr 08
NEWS 3 Apr 09 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
NEWS 4 Apr 09 ZDB will be removed from STN
NEWS 5 Apr 19 US Patent Applications available in IFICDB, IFIPAT, and IFIUDB
NEWS 6 Apr 22 Records from IP.com available in CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, and ZCAPLUS
NEWS 7 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS 8 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
NEWS 9 Jun 03 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS 10 Jun 10 MEDLINE Reload
NEWS 11 Jun 10 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
                 saved answer sets no longer valid
NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 15 Jul 30 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 16 Aug 08 CANCERLIT reload
NEWS 17 Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 18 Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
                 now available on STN
                 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
NEWS 20 Aug 19
                 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 21 Aug 19
NEWS 22 Aug 26
                 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS 23
         Sep 03
                 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 24 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 25 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 26 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 27 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 28 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 29 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS 30 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
NEWS 31 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 32 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS 33 Dec 02 TIBKAT will be removed from STN
NEWS 34 Dec 04 CSA files on STN
NEWS 35 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS 36 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS 37 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS 38 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available
NEWS 39 Jan 13
                Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 40 Jan 21 NUTRACEUT offering one free connect hour in February 2003
                 PHARMAML offering one free connect hour in February 2003
NEWS 41 Jan 21
NEWS 42 Jan 29
                 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,
                 ENERGY, INSPEC
NEWS 43 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS EXPRESS January 6 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
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SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s raf-caax

L1 84 RAF-CAAX

=> s l1 and angiogene?

L2 3 L1 AND ANGIOGENE?

=> dup rem 12

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L3 2 DUP REM L2 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)

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ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPINIGHT 2003 ACS
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L3
     2001:137041 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     134:188193
     Protein and cDNA sequences of modified human protein kinase C-Raf and/or
TI
     H-Ras and therapeutic uses thereof for modulation of angiogenesis
     Hood, John; Eliceiri, Brian; Cheresh, David A.
IN
     The Scripps Research Institute, USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                        KIND DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                               20010222
                                                WO 2000-US21842 20000811
     WO 2001012210 A1
PΙ
     WO 2001012210
                        C2
                               20020912
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
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          SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1210099
                         A1
                              20020605
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                                                                    20020212
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                         Α
PRAI US 1999-148924P
                          Ρ
                                19990813
                         Р
                               20000705
     US 2000-215951P
                         W
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     WO 2000-US21842
                THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT 5
                ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
       ANSWER 2 OF 2 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 Elsevier Science B.V.
L3
       1998104625
                     ESBIOBASE
ΑN
       Activation of tissue-factor gene expression in breast carcinoma cells by
ΤI
       stimulation of the RAF-ERK signaling pathway
       Zhou J.-N.; Ljungdahl S.; Shoshan M.C.; Swedenborg J.; Linder S.
       S. Linder, Radiumhemmets Research Laboratory, Department of
CS
       Oncology-Pathology, Karolinska Institute and Hospital, S-171 76
       Stockholm, Sweden.
       Molecular Carcinogenesis, (1998), 21/4 (234-243), 25 reference(s)
SO
       CODEN: MOCAE8 ISSN: 0899-1987
DT
       Journal; Article
CY
       United States
LA
       English
\mathtt{SL}
       English
=> d 2 ab
       ANSWER 2 OF 2 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 Elsevier Science B.V.
L3
       Tissue factor (TF) is a cell-surface glycoprotein responsible for
AB
       initiating the extrinsic pathway of coagulation. The overexpression of TF
       in human malignancy has been correlated with the angiogenic phenotype,
       poor prognosis, and thromboembolic complications. The mechanisms
       underlying constitutive expression of TF in cancer cells are poorly
       defined. We cloned TF cDNA on the basis of its strong expression in
       metastatic MDA-MB-231 breast carcinoma cells in contrast to its weak
       expression in non-metastatic MCF-7 cells. Transient transfection analysis
       showed that TF promoter activity in MCF-7 cells could be stimulated by
       expression of a membrane-targeted raf kinase (raf-CAAX
       ). raf-induced activity was dependent on the presence of an
       AP-1/NF.kappa.B motif in the TF promoter and was inhibited by
```

dominant-negative mutants of jun and by I-kB.alpha.. MDA-MB-231 cells were found to contain higher levels of ERK1/2 kinase activity than did

MCF-7 cells. Electrophoret mobility shift assays showed to MDA-MB-231 nuclear proteins bound strongly to an oligonucleotide corresponding to the AP-1/NF-.kappa.B sequence, whereas MCF- 7 nuclear extracts showed weak binding to this element. Finally, we showed that TF mRNA levels in MDA-MB-231 cells declined after addition of the mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase inhibitor PD98059. Our data showed that activation of the raf-ERK pathway led to activation of TF expression in breast carcinoma cells and suggested that constitutive activation of this pathway leads to high TF expression in MDA-MB-231 cells.

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=> d 2 kwic
     ANSWER 2 OF 2 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 Elsevier Science B.V.
     . . transfection analysis showed that TF promoter activity in MCF-7
      cells could be stimulated by expression of a membrane-targeted raf kinase
      (raf-CAAX). raf-induced activity was dependent on the
      presence of an AP-1/NF.kappa.B motif in the TF promoter and was inhibited
      by dominant-negative. .
           Growth Control: Growth factors and inhibitors
CC.
      87.3.2.3 CANCER RESEARCH: DIAGNOSIS AND PROGNOSIS: Molecular and Cellular
      Techniques: Histopathology
      87.2.6 CANCER RESEARCH: TUMOUR BIOLOGY: Angiogenesis and the
      Tumour Vascular System
      87.5.11 CANCER RESEARCH: CLINICAL INVESTIGATIONS BY ORGAN SITE: Breast
=> s l1 and py<1990
   3 FILES SEARCHED...
   5 FILES SEARCHED...
   8 FILES SEARCHED...
             0 L1 AND PY<1990
=> s raf and py<
MISSING TERM AFTER PY<
Operators must be followed by a search term, L-number, or query name.
=> s raf and py<1990
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   5 FILES SEARCHED...
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         2469 RAF AND PY<1990
1.5
=> s bonner, ?/au
         13106 BONNER, ?/AU
=> s 15 and 16
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L7
=> dup rem 17
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7
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=> s 18 and angiogenesis
             0 L8 AND ANGIOGENESIS
L9
=> d 1-10
L9 HAS NO ANSWERS
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Search status keywords:
NONE ---- Display only the number of postings.
STATUS -- Display statistics of the search.
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'D L74 1-10' IS NOT A VALID SEARCH STATUS KEYWORD
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NONE ---- Display only the number of postings.
STATUS -- Display statistics of the search.
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L5
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13106 SEA BONNER, ?/Ad
L6
             71 SEA L5 AND L6
L7
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L9
=> d 18 1-10
                                                         DUPLICATE 1
     ANSWER 1 OF 21
                        MEDLINE
L8
AN
     88240309
                  MEDLINE
                PubMed ID: 2837178
DN
     88240309
     Expression of human c-raf-1 oncogene proteins in E. coli.
ΤI
     Kolch W; Bonner T I; Rapp U R
AU
     Laboratory of Viral Carcinogenesis, National Cancer Institute, Frederick,
CS
     Maryland 21701-1013.
     BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (1988 May 16)
SO
     152 (3) 1045-9.
     Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.
CY
     United States
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
LΑ
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
EΜ
     198806
     Entered STN: 19900308
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 19980206
     Entered Medline: 19880624
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                        MEDLINE
     ANSWER 2 OF 21
L8
                  MEDLINE
     87146380
AN
                PubMed ID: 3029685
     87146380
DN
     The complete coding sequence of the human A-raf-1 oncogene and
TI
     transforming activity of a human A-raf carrying retrovirus.
     Beck T W; Huleihel M; Gunnell M; Bonner T I; Rapp U R
ΑU
     NO1-CO-23910 (NCI)
NC
     NUCLEIC ACIDS RESEARCH, (1987 Jan 26) 15 (2) 595-609.
SO
     Journal code: 0411011. ISSN: 0305-1048.
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
CY
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
     English
LA
     Priority Journals
FS
     GENBANK-X04790
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     198704
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     Last Updated on STN: 19970203
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     ANSWER 3 OF 21
                         MEDLINE
L8
                  MEDLINE
AN
     86233347
                PubMed ID: 3520560
DN
     86233347
     Actively transcribed genes in the raf oncogene group, located on
TΙ
     the X chromosome in mouse and human.
     Huebner K; ar-Rushdi A; Griffin C A; Isobe M; Kozak C; Emanuel B S;
AU
     Nagarajan L; Cleveland J L; Bonner T I; Goldsborough M D; +
     CA09485 (NCI)
NC
     CA10815 (NCI)
     CA21124 (NCI)
     PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF
     AMERICA, (1986 Jun) 83 (11) 3934-8.
     Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
CY
     United States
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
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MEDLINE
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L8
     87064566
                  MEDLINE
AN
     87064566
                PubMed ID: 3491291
DN
ТT
     Characterization of murine A-raf, a new oncogene related to the
     v-raf oncogene.
     Huleihel M; Goldsborough M; Cleveland J; Gunnell M; Bonner T;
ΑU
     Rapp U R
     NO1-CO-23910 (NCI)
NC
     MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (1986 Jul) 6 (7) 2655-62.
SO
     Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306.
     United States
CY
DΤ
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
     English
LA
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     198701
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     ANSWER 5 OF 21
L8
                  MEDLINE
AN
     86120351
                PubMed ID: 3003687
DN
     86120351
ΤI
     The complete coding sequence of the human raf oncogene and the
     corresponding structure of the c-raf-1 gene.
     Bonner T I; Oppermann H; Seeburg P; Kerby S B; Gunnell M A;
ΑIJ
     Young A C; Rapp U R
SO
     NUCLEIC ACIDS RESEARCH, (1986 Jan 24) 14 (2) 1009-15.
     Journal code: 0411011. ISSN: 0305-1048.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
LA
     English
     Priority Journals
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     198603
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     Last Updated on STN: 19900321
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L8
     ANSWER 6 OF 21
                        MEDLINE
AN
     85295973
                  MEDLINE
                PubMed ID: 2993863
DN
     85295973
     Structure and biological activity of human homologs of the raf
     /mil oncogene.
     Bonner T I; Kerby S B; Sutrave P; Gunnell M A; Mark G; Rapp U R
ΑU
     MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (1985 Jun) 5 (6) 1400-7.
SO
     Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306.
CY
     United States
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
     GENBANK-L00206; GENBANK-L00207; GENBANK-L00208; GENBANK-L00209;
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     GENBANK-L00210; GENBANK-L00211; GENBANK-L00212; GENBANK-L00213;
     GENBANK-M11376; GENBANK-M11377
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     Entered Medline: 19850930
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1.8
     ANSWER 7 OF 21
                        MEDLINE
AN
     85230538
                  MEDLINE
                PubMed ID: 4006904
DN
     85230538
     Integration of transfected LTR sequences into the c-raf
TI
     proto-oncogene: activation by promoter insertion.
     Molders H; Defesche J; Muller D; Bonner T I; Rapp U R; Muller R
ΑU
     EMBO JOURNAL, (1985 Mar) 4 (3) 693-8.
SO
     Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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LA
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FS
     Priority Journals
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ED
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     Last Updated on STN: 19970203
     Entered Medline: 19850806
     ANSWER 8 OF 21 LIFESCI
                                 COPYRIGHT 2003 CSA
L8
AN
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     Integration of transfected LTR sequences into the c-raf
TI
     proto-oncogene: Activation by promoter insertion.
     Moelders, H.; Defesche, J.; Mueller, D.; Bonner, T.I.; Rapp,
ΑU
     U.R.; Mueller, R.
CS
     Eur. Mol. Biol. Lab., Postfach 10,2209, D-6900 Heidelberg, FRG
SO
     EMBO J., (1985) vol. 4, no. 3, pp. 693-698.
DT
     Journal
FS
     G; N
LA
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     English
     ANSWER 9 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L8
AN
     1986:565931 HCAPLUS
     105:165931
DN
ΤI
     The raf oncogene
     Rapp, U. R.; Bonner, T. I.; Cleveland, J. L.
ΑU
     Lab. Viral Carcinog., Natl. Cancer Inst., Frederick, MD, 21701, USA
CS
     Retroviruses Hum. Pathol., Int. Symp. (1985), Meeting Date 1984, 449-72. Editor(s): Gallo, Robert C.; Stehelin, Dominique; Varnier,
SO
     Oliviero E. Publisher: Humana, Clifton, N. J.
     CODEN: 55FGA7
     Conference: General Review
DT
LA
     English
     ANSWER 10 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE
L8
AN
     1986:56497 BIOSIS
DN
     BR30:56497
ΤI
     GENES AND GENE PRODUCTS INVOLVED IN GROWTH REGULATION OF TUMOR CELLS.
     RAPP U R; BONNER T I; MOELLING K; JANSEN H W; BISTER K; IHLE J
ΑIJ
CS
     LAB. OF VIRAL CARCINOGENESIS, NATL. CANCER INST., FREDERICK CANCER RES.
     FACILITY, FREDERICK, MD. 21701, USA.
     HAVEMANN, K., G. SORENSON AND C. GROPP (ED.). RECENT RESULTS IN CANCER
SO
     RESEARCH, 99. PEPTIDE HORMONES IN LUNG CANCER; MEETING, MARBURG, WEST
     GERMANY, JUNE 18-20, 1984. XII+248P. SPRINGER-VERLAG NEW YORK, INC.:
     SECAUCUS, N.J., USA; BERLIN, WEST GERMANY. ILLUS. (1985) 0 (0), 221-236.
     CODEN: RRCRBU. ISSN: 0080-0015. ISBN: 0-387-15504-X, 3-540-15504-X.
     BR; OLD
FS
     English
LΑ
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L9 HAS NO ANSWERS
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STATUS -- Display statistics of the search.
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L5
L6
          13106 SEA BONNER, ?/AU
L7
             71 SEA L5 AND L6
T.8
             21 DUP REM L7 (50 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
              O SEA L8 AND ANGIOGENESIS
L9
=> d 18 11-20
     ANSWER 11 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L8
AN
     1985:164060 BIOSIS
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DN

BR29:54056

- ΤI STRUCTURE AND TRANSCRIPTION THE C-RAF-1 ONCOGENE LOCUS. AU CLEVELAND J L; BONNER T I; GOLDSBOROUGH M D; RAPP U R CS NATL. CANCER INST., FREDERICK CANCER RES. FACILITY, FREDERICK, MD. 21701. SYMPOSIUM ON BIOCHEMICAL AND MOLECULAR EPIDEMIOLOGY OF CANCER HELD AT THE SO 14TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE UCLA (UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA-LOS ANGELES) SYMPOSIA ON MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, APR. 6-13, 1985. J CELL BIOCHEM SUPPL. (1985) 0 (9 PART C), 26. CODEN: JCBSD7. DT Conference BR; OLD FS English L8ANSWER 12 OF 21 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 ISI (R)
- AN 84:1206 SCISEARCH
- GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: RV308
- TI 2 HUMAN HOMOLOGS TO A NEW RETROVIRAL ONCOGENE RAF-1 AND RAF-2 ARE ASSIGNED TO HUMAN CHROMOSOME-3 AND CHROMOSOME-4, RESPECTIVELY
- AU BONNER T I (Reprint); RAPP U R; NASH W G; OBRIEN S J
- CS NCI, VIRAL CARCINOGENESIS LAB, FREDERICK, MD, 21701
- CYA USA
- SO CYTOGENETICS AND CELL GENETICS, (1984) Vol. 37, No. 1-4, pp. 424.
- DT Conference; Journal
- FS LIFE
- LA ENGLISH
- REC No References
- L8 ANSWER 13 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- AN 1984:87878 BIOSIS
- DN BR27:4370
- TI 2 HUMAN HOMOLOGUES TO A NEW RETROVIRAL ONCOGENE RAF-1 AND RAF-2 ARE ASSIGNED TO HUMAN CHROMOSOMES 3 AND 4 RESPECTIVELY.
- AU BONNER T I; RAPP U R; NASH W G; O'BRIEN S J
- CS LAB. VIRAL CARCINOGENESIS, NATL. CANCER INST., FREDERICK, MD 21701.
- SO 7TH INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON HUMAN GENE MAPPING, LOS ANGELES, CALIF., USA, AUG. 21-26, 1983. CYTOGENET CELL GENET. (1984) 37 (1-4), 424. CODEN: CGCGBR. ISSN: 0301-0171.
- DT Conference
- FS BR; OLD
- LA English
- L8 ANSWER 14 OF 21 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE 9
- AN 1985:67459 BIOSIS
- DN BR28:67459
- TI THE MIL-RAF ONCOGENE.
- AU BISTER K; LURZ R; JANSEN H W; SUTRAVE P; BONNER T I; RAPP U R
- CS OTTO-WARBURG-LAB., MAX-PLANCK-INST. FUER MOLEKULARE GENETIK, D-1000 BERLIN 33, FRG.
- SO BISHOP, J. M., J. D. ROWLEY AND M. GREAVES (ED.). UCLA (UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES) SYMPOSIA ON MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY NEW SERIES, VOL. 17. GENES AND CANCER; MEETING, STEAMBOAT-SPRINGS, COLO., USA, MAR. 11-17, 1984. XXII+687P. ALAN R. LISS, INC.: NEW YORK, N.Y., USA. ILLUS. (1984) 0 (0), 315-328.
 - CODEN: USMBD6. ISSN: 0735-9543. ISBN: 0-8451-2616-4.
- FS BR; OLD
- LA English
- L8 ANSWER 15 OF 21 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 10

- AN 84117458 MEDLINE
- DN 84117458 PubMed ID: 6319999
- TI Homologous cell-derived oncogenes in avian carcinoma virus MH2 and murine sarcoma virus 3611.
- AU Jansen H W; Lurz R; Bister K; Bonner T I; Mark G E; Rapp U R
- SO NATURE, (1984 Jan 19-25) 307 (5948) 281-4. Journal code: 0410462. ISSN: 0028-0836.
- CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom
- DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

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English
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     Nucleotide sequence of avian retroviral oncogene v-mil: homologue of
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     murine retroviral oncogene v-raf.
ΑU
     Sutrave P; Bonner T I; Rapp U R; Jansen H W; Patschinsky T;
     Bister K
     NATURE, (1984 May 3-9) 309 (5963) 85-8.
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     Journal code: 0410462. ISSN: 0028-0836.
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     84097515
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                PubMed ID: 6691137
     The human homologs of the raf (mil) oncogene are located on
TI
     human chromosomes 3 and 4.
     Bonner T; O'Brien S J; Nash W G; Rapp U R; Morton C C; Leder P
ΑU
     SCIENCE, (1984 Jan 6) 223 (4631) 71-4.
SO
     Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.
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     THE HUMAN CELLULAR HOMOLOGUES OF THE RAF-MIL ONCOGENE.
TI
     SUTRAVE P; GEORGE M; BONNER T
ΑU
CS
     NCI/NIH, FREDERICK, MD 21701.
     SYMPOSIUM ON GENES AND CANCER HELD AT THE 13TH ANNUAL UCLA (UNIVERSITY OF
SO
     CALIFORNIA - LOS ANGELES) SYMPOSIA, LOS ANGELES, CALIF., USA, FEB. 11-17,
     1984. J CELL BIOCHEM. (1984) 0 (8 PART A), 70.
     CODEN: JCBSD7.
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     1984:135716 BIOSIS
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     BR27:52208
     THE RAF ONCOGENE NUCLEIC-ACID SEQUENCE EVOLUTION AND REQUIRED
TI
     STRUCTURES FOR TRANSFORMATION.
     MARK G E; GOLDSBOROUGH M D; BONNER T I; RAPP U R
ΑU
     NATIONAL CANCER INST., FREDERICK, MD 21701.
CS
     SYMPOSIUM ON GENES AND CANCER HELD AT THE 13TH ANNUAL UCLA (UNIVERSITY OF
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Conference

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     Structure and biological activity of v-raf, a unique oncogene
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     transduced by a retrovirus.
     Rapp U R; Goldsborough M D; Mark G E; Bonner T I; Groffen J;
ΑU
     Reynolds F H Jr; Stephenson J R
     NO1-CO-75380 (NCI)
NC
     PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF
SO
     AMERICA, (1983 Jul) 80 (14) 4218-22.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
CY
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L8
     ANSWER 20 OF 21
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                                                         DUPLICATE 13
     We have molecularly cloned a unique acutely transforming
AB
     replication-defective mouse type C virus (3611-MSV) and characterized its
     acquired oncogene. The viral genome closely resembles Moloney (M) murine
     leukemia virus (MuLV), except for a substitution in M-MuLV in the middle
     of p30 and the middle of the polymerase gene (pol). Heteroduplex analysis
     revealed that 2.4 kilobases of M-MuLV DNA were replaced by 1.2 kilobases
     of cellular DNA. The junctions between viral and cellular sequences were
     determined by DNA sequence analysis to be 517 nucleotides into the p30
     sequence and 1,920 nucleotides into the polymerase sequence. Comparison of
     the transforming gene from 3611-MSV, designated v-raf, with
     previously isolated retrovirus oncogenes either by direct hybridization or
     by comparison of restriction fragments of their cellular homologs shows it
     to be unique. Transfection of NIH 3T3 cells with cloned 3611-MSV proviral
     DNA leads to highly efficient transformation and the recovered virus
     elicits tumors in mice typical of the 3611-MSV virus. Transfected NIH 3T3
     cells express two 3611-MSV-specific polyproteins (P75 and P90), both of
     which contain NH2-terminal gag gene-encoded components linked to the
     acquired sequence (v-raf) translational product. The cellular
     homolog, c-raf, is present in one or two copies per haploid
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=> dis his
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L3
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L5
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          13106 S BONNER, ?/AU
L6
L7
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L8
L9
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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NEWS
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         Apr 09
                 BEILSTEIN: Reload and Implementation of a New Subject Area
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NEWS 9
NEWS 10
NEWS 11
NEWS 12 Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 13 Jul 22 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
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NEWS 14 Jul 29 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
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NEWS 15
NEWS 16 Aug 08
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        Aug 08 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 17
NEWS 18 Aug 08 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19 Aug 19 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
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NEWS 20 Aug 19
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NEWS 21 Aug 19
                 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
NEWS 22 Aug 26
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NEWS 23 Sep 03
                 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 24 Sep 16 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 25 Sep 16 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 26 Oct 01 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 27 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
NEWS 28 Oct 24 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 29 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS 30 Oct 25 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
NEWS 31 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 32 Nov 25 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS 33 Dec 02 TIBKAT will be removed from STN
NEWS 34 Dec 04 CSA files on STN
NEWS 35 Dec 17 PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS 36 Dec 17 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS 37 Dec 17 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS 38 Dec 30 ISMEC no longer available
NEWS 39 Jan 13 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 40 Jan 21 NUTRACEUT offering one free connect hour in February 2003
NEWS 41 Jan 21 PHARMAML offering one free connect hour in February 2003
NEWS 42 Jan 29 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,
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NEWS 43 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS EXPRESS January 6 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a,
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FULL ESTIMATED COST

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COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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L3
     2002:483067 HCAPLUS
AN
     137:57540
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     Antisense oligonucleotide inhibition of raf gene expression for treatment
ΤI
     of cancer
     Monia, Brett P.
TN
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PΑ
     U.S., 41 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,090,626.
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      2002:256057 HCAPLUS
AN
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      136:274281
      Raf proteins, cDNA sequences, agonists or antagonists and uses thereof in
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      therapy and diagnosis of endothelium affected diseases
      Hatzopoulos, Antonis; Hautmann, Martina; Herbst, Myriam; Geishauser,
IN
      Albert; Schoch, Juergen
      GSF-Forschungszentrum fuer Umwelt und Gesundheit G.m.b.H., Germany
PA
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ΑN
      2002346607
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     Tumor regression by targeted gene delivery to the neovasculature.
TI
      Comment in: Science. 2002 Jun 28;296(5577):2314-5
CM
     Hood John D; Bednarski Mark; Frausto Ricardo; Guccione Samira; Reisfeld
AU
     Ralph A; Xiang Rong; Cheresh David A
     Department of Immunology, The Scripps Research Institute, 10550 North
CS
     Torrey Pines Road, La Jolla, CA 92037, USA.
      CA50286 (NCI)
NC
     P41 RR09784 (NCRR)
     T32 CA09696 (NCI)
     SCIENCE, (2002 Jun 28) 296 (5577) 2404-7.
SO
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      2002195082
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     Unraveling the complexities of the Raf/MAP kinase pathway for
ΤI
     pharmacological intervention.
      Erratum in: Trends Mol Med 2002 May;8(5):243
CM
     Herrera Roman; Sebolt-Leopold Judith S
ΑU
     Department of Cancer Molecular Sciences, Pfizer Global Research &
CS
     Development, Ann Arbor Laboratories, 2800 Plymouth Road, Ann Arbor, MI
      48105, USA.
      Trends Mol Med, (2002) 8 (4 Suppl) S27-31. Ref: 30
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L3
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       Unraveling the complexities of the Raf/MAP kinase pathway for
TI
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       Herrera R.; Sebolt-Leopold J.S.
ΑU
       R. Herrera, Dept. of Cancer Molecular Sciences, Pfizer Global
CS
       Research/Development, Ann Arbor Laboratories, 2800 Plymouth Road, Ann
       Arbor, MI 48105, United States.
       E-mail: judith.leopold@pfizer.com
       Trends in Molecular Medicine, (2002), 8/4 SUPPL. (S27-S31), 30
SO
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reference(s)
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     ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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      2001:137041 HCAPLUS
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DN
     134:188193
     Protein and cDNA sequences of modified human protein kinase C-Raf and/or
TI
     H-Ras and therapeutic uses thereof for modulation of angiogenesis
     Hood, John; Eliceiri, Brian; Cheresh, David A.
TN
PΑ
     The Scripps Research Institute, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.
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                          MEDLINE
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AN
     2000120713
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     A genome-wide survey of RAS transformation targets.
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ΑU
     Zuber J; Tchernitsa O I; Hinzmann B; Schmitz A C; Grips M; Hellriegel M;
     Sers C; Rosenthal A; Schafer R
CS
     [1] Laboratory of Molecular Tumour Pathology, Institute of Pathology,
     Charite, Humboldt-University D-10117, Berlin, Germany.
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SO
     Journal code: 9216904. ISSN: 1061-4036.
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     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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     Inhibitory effect of theobrane on induction of angiogenesi
     and VEGF mRNA expression in V-raf transfectants of human
     urothelial cells HCV-29.
     Skopinska-Rozewska E; Janik P; Przybyszewska M; Sommer E; Bialas-Chromiec
     Department of Immunology, National Institute of Tuberculosis and Lung
     Diseases, Warsaw, Poland.
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     Journal code: 9810955. ISSN: 1107-3756.
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     99066573 PubMed ID: 9851248
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     Angiogenesis induced by urothelial cells (HCV-29) and their v-ras and
TI
     v-raf transfectants.
     Przybyszewska M; Miloszewska J; Janik P
     Department of Cell Biology, The Maria Sklodowska-Curie Cancer Center,
CS
     Warsaw, Poland.
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     CANCER LETTERS, (1998 Sep 25) 131 (2) 157-61.
     Journal code: 7600053. ISSN: 0304-3835.
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     ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
L3
AN
     1997:617993 HCAPLUS
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     127:272793
     Antiproliferative combinations, containing raf-targeted oligonucleotides
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     and chemotherapeutic compounds
IN
     Muller, Marcel; Geiger, Thomas; Altmann, Karl-Heinz; Fabbro, Doriano;
     Monia, Brett
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     Novartis AG, Switz.
     PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.
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     CODEN: PIXXD2
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    English
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ZA 9701936

WO 1997-EP875

PRAI US 1996-612787

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7

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AB Neovascularisation plays a crucial role in solid tumor growth and

ZA 1997-1936

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metastasis formation. Our polious studies showed that theoperation and theobromine suppressed cutaneous neovascular reaction induced in mice by human blood leukocytes, and lung as well as ovarian cancer cells. Here, we investigated the in vivo effect of theobromine on angiogenic activity of human urothelial cell line HCV-29, v-raf transfected (mouse cutaneous assay), and the in vitro effect of this drug on VEGF, tPA, uPA and PAI mRNA expression in these cells (RT-PCR method). Theobromine suppressed angiogenesis induced in mice by HCV-29-v-raf cells, inhibited VEGF mRNA expression, and had no effect on transcription of uPA and tPA in these cells. HCV-29-v-raf transfectants do not display transcripts of PAI, in the presence or the absence of theobromine.

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 8

The angiogenic ability of human urothelial cells (HCV-29) and their v-ras and v-raf transfectants was studied. The most pronounced angiogenesis, observed in vivo, induced v-raf -transfected cells. The lowest degree of induction of neovascularization presented cells of the parental line. The increased extent of angiogenesis correlated with the presence of VEGF mRNA as measured by RT-PCR as well as the level of VEGF as visualized by the method of Western blotting.

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

The invention relates to combinations of raf-targeted (esp. c-raf-targeted) deoxyribo- and ribo-oligonucleotides and derivs. thereof with other chemotherapeutic compds., as well as to pharmaceutical prepns. and/or therapies, in relation to disease states which respond to such oligonucleotides or oligonucleotide derivs., esp. to modulation of the activity of a regulatory protein. In particular, the invention relates to products or combinations comprising antisense oligonucleotides or oligonucleotide derivs. targeted to nucleic acids encoding raf and other (preferably std.) chemotherapeutics, either in fixed combination or for chronol. staggered or simultaneous administration, and the combined use of both classes of compds., either in fixed combination or for chronol. staggered or simultaneous administration, for the treatment of proliferative diseases, esp. tumor diseases, that can be treated by inhibition of raf activity, i.e., where the antisense oligonucleotides or oligonucleotide derivs. are targeted to nucleic acids encoding the regulatory protein raf or active mutated derivs. thereof.

=> d 8-10 kwic

AB

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 10 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 7

- TI Inhibitory effect of theobromine on induction of **angiogenesis** and VEGF mRNA expression in v-raf transfectants of human urothelial cells HCV-29.
- AB . . . vitro effect of this drug on VEGF, tPA, uPA and PAI mRNA expression in these cells (RT-PCR method). Theobromine suppressed angiogenesis induced in mice by HCV-29-v-raf cells, inhibited VEGF mRNA expression, and had no effect on transcription of uPA and tPA in these cells. HCV-29-v-raf transfectants. . .
- L3 ANSWER 9 OF 10 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 8

- AB The angiogenic ability of human urothelial cells (HCV-29) and their v-ras and v-raf transfectants was studied. The most pronounced angiogenesis, observed in vivo, induced v-raf -transfected cells. The lowest degree of induction of neovascularization presented cells of the parental line. The increased extent of angiogenesis correlated. . .
- L3 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- IT Alkylating agents, biological Angiogenesis inhibitors

Antitumor agents Chemotherapy Drug delivery systems Fibrosis Hyperplasia Immunomodulators Psoriasis Vaccines

> (raf-targeted oligonucleotide-chemotherapeutic compd. antiproliferative combinations)

=> d 1-8 ab

- ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS DUPLICATE 1
 Oligonucleotides are provided which are targeted to nucleic acids encoding human raf and capable of inhibiting raf expression. The oligonucleotides may have chem. modifications at one or more positions and may be chimeric oligonucleotides. Methods of inhibiting the expression of human raf using oligonucleotides of the invention are also provided. The present invention further comprises methods of inhibiting hyperproliferation of cells and methods of treating or preventing conditions, including hyperproliferative conditions, assocd. with raf expression.
- ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

 Disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. comprising polynucleotides encoding a Raf protein, vectors, host cells, polypeptides encoded by said polynucleotides as well as agonists or antagonists thereof. As a preferred embodiment, the above mentioned Raf protein is B-Raf. Furthermore, described are uses of such pharmaceutical compns. for preventing or treating pathol. conditions in which endothelial cells are involved or affected. Finally, methods for screening compds. acting as agonists or antagonists as well as diagnostic compns. and methods are disclosed. It was found by inventors that in a mouse embryonic endothelial stem cell line in wich B-Raf gene is inactivated, the expression profile of a large set of genes is altered compared to the corresponding wild-type (wt) cells. These results were confirmed in vivo by comparing gene expression profiles on B-Raf null mutant embryos. The results show that genes, whose expression changed in the B-Raf null cells, were affected during embryonic vascular development. The similarity to

the angiogenin 1 null mutant mice phenotype obsd., which points at a position of B-Raf downstream from tie-2 in the signaling cascade,

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2

substantiates the role of B-Raf in angiogenesis, wound

healing and endothelial cell migration.

- AB Efforts to influence the biology of blood vessels by gene delivery have been hampered by a lack of targeting vectors specific for endothelial cells in diseased tissues. Here we show that a cationic nanoparticle (NP) coupled to an integrin alphavbeta3-targeting ligand can deliver genes selectively to angiogenic blood vessels in tumor-bearing mice. The therapeutic efficacy of this approach was tested by generating NPs conjugated to a mutant Raf gene, ATPmu-Raf, which blocks endothelial signaling and angiogenesis in response to multiple growth factors. Systemic injection of the NP into mice resulted in apoptosis of the tumor-associated endothelium, ultimately leading to tumor cell apoptosis and sustained regression of established primary and metastatic tumors.
- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 3
- The Ras-MAP kinase pathway has attracted much attention from academic and pharmaceutical laboratories because of its central role in regulating tumor cell growth and survival, differentiation and angiogenesis.

 Although the central players in this pathway -Ras, Raf, and MEK have been well studied, how best to exploit them for therapeutic gain has eluded oncology researchers in the past. Several small-molecule inhibitors that target specific steps of the MAP kinase cascade have recently entered the clinical arena. While we await answers on their ultimate therapeutic use, the availability of translational assays for monitoring target suppression will no doubt play a significant role in optimizing our chances of success.
- ANSWER 5 OF 10 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 Elsevier Science B.V. DUPLICATE
- AB The Ras-MAP kinase pathway has attracted much attention from academic and

pharmaceutical laboratorie because of its central role in tumor cell growth and survival, differentiation and angiogenesis ulating . Although the central players in this pathway - Ras, Raf, and MEK - have been well studied, how best to exploit them for therapeutic gain has eluded oncology researchers in the past. Several small-molecule inhibitors that target specific steps of the MAP kinase cascade have recently entered the clinical arena. While we await answers on their ultimate therapeutic use, the availability of translational assays for monitoring target suppression will no doubt play a significant role in optimizing our chances of success.

ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS AB The invention provides protein and cDNA sequences of modified human protein kinase C-Raf and/or H-Ras. The present invention describes methods for modulating angiogenesis in tissues using Raf and/or Ras protein, modified Raf or Ras protein, and nucleic acids encoding for such. Also disclosed are three inactive mutant human C-Raf proteins including RafK375M which contains a point substitution mutation lys375met, Raf1-305 in which C-terminal residues 1-305 are deleted, and Raf306-648 in which N-terminal residues 306-648 are deleted. The invention also provides four inactive mutant human H-Ras proteins which contains substitution mutations such as RasG12V(gly12val), RasV12S35(gly12val, thr35ser), RasS17N(ser17asp) and RasV12C40(gly12val, tyr40cys). Particularly the invention describes methods for inhibiting angiogenesis using an inactive Raf and/or Ras protein, or nucleic acids encoding therefor, or for potentiating angiogenesis using an active Raf and/or Ras protein, or nucleic acids encoding therefor. The invention also describes the use of gene delivery systems for providing nucleic acids encoding for the Raf or Ras protein, or modified forms thereof.

ANSWER 7 OF 10 L3 MEDLINE

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DUPLICATE 6

An important aspect of multi-step tumorigenesis is the mutational activation of genes of the RAS family, particularly in sporadic cancers of the pancreas, colon, lung and myeloid system. RAS genes encode small GTP-binding proteins that affect gene expression in a global way by acting as major switches in signal transduction processes, coupling extracellular signals with transcription factors. Oncogenic forms of RAS are locked in their active state and transduce signals essential for transformation, angiogenesis, invasion and metastasis via downstream pathways involving the RAF/MEK/ERK cascade of cytoplasmic kinases, the small GTP-binding proteins RAC and RHO, phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase and others. We have used subtractive suppression hybridization (SSH), a PCR-based cDNA subtraction technique, to contrast differential gene expression profiles in immortalized, non-tumorigenic rat embryo fibroblasts and in HRAS- transformed cells. Sequence and expression analysis of more than 1,200 subtracted cDNA fragments revealed transcriptional stimulation or repression of 104 ESTs, 45 novel sequences and 244 known genes in HRAS- transformed cells compared with normal cells. Furthermore, we identified common and distinct targets in cells transformed by mutant HRAS, KRAS and NRAS, as well as 61 putative target genes controlled by the RAF/MEK/ERK pathway in reverted cells treated with the MEK-specific inhibitor PD 98059.

ANSWER 8 OF 10 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 7

L3AΒ Neovascularisation plays a crucial role in solid tumor growth and metastasis formation. Our previous studies showed that theophylline and theobromine suppressed cutaneous neovascular reaction induced in mice by human blood leukocytes, and lung as well as ovarian cancer cells. Here, we investigated the in vivo effect of theobromine on angiogenic activity of human urothelial cell line HCV-29, v-raf transfected (mouse cutaneous assay), and the in vitro effect of this drug on VEGF, tPA, uPA and PAI mRNA expression in these cells (RT-PCR method). Theobromine suppressed angiogenesis induced in mice by HCV-29-v-raf cells, inhibited VEGF mRNA expression, and had no effect on transcription of uPA and tPA in these cells. HCV-29-v-raf transfectants do not display transcripts of PAI, in the presence or the absence of theobromine.

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NEWS 11
         Oct 24
                 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 12
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NEWS 13 Nov 18 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 14
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                 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
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NEWS 16 Dec 17
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NEWS 17 Dec 17
                 TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS 18 Dec 17
                 Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS 19 Jan 29 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,
                 ENERGY, INSPEC
NEWS 20 Feb 13 CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS 21 Feb 24 METADEX enhancements
NEWS 22 Feb 24 PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS 23 Feb 24 TEMA now available on STN
NEWS 24 Feb 26 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS 25 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS 26 Mar 04 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS 27 Mar 20 EVENTLINE will be removed from STN
NEWS 28 Mar 24 PATDPAFULL now available on STN
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NEWS 34 Apr 21
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NEWS 35
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                 RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS 36 May 05
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NEWS 39
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NEWS 40
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NEWS 41 May 19 RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and
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NEWS 42
         Jun 06 Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB
NEWS 43 Jun 06 PASCAL enhanced with additional data
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Jun 25 HSDB has been reloaded

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     Activation of tissue-factor gene expression in breast carcinoma cells by
      stimulation of the RAF-ERK signaling pathway.
     Zhou J N; Ljungdahl S; Shoshan M C; Swedenborg J; Linder S
 ΑU
     Department of Oncology-Pathology, Karolinska Institute and Hospital,
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     Stockholm, Sweden.
     MOLECULAR CARCINOGENESIS, (1998 Apr) 21 (4) 234-43.
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     Hood, John; Eliceiri, Brian; Cheresh, David A.
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     PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.
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     The kinase domain of MEKK1 induces apoptosis by dysregulation of MAP
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     Boldt, Simone; Weidle, Ulrich H.; Kolch, Walter
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     Cancer Research UK, Beatson Institute for Cancer Research, Glasgow, G61
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     Experimental Cell Research (2003), 283(1), 80-90
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     Phosphorylation of 338SSYY341 regulates specific interaction between Raf-1
     Xiang Xiaoqin; Zang Mengwei; Waelde Christine A; Wen Rong; Luo Zhijun
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     Diabetes and Metabolism Research Unit, Endocrinology Section, Evans
     Department of Medicine, Boston University School of Medicine, Boston,
     Massachusetts 02118, USA.
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     JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2002 Nov 22) 277 (47) 44996-5003.
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     Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
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TΤ
     Association of membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting protein-1
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ΑIJ
     Yao I; Ohtsuka T; Kawabe H; Matsuura Y; Takai Y; Hata Y
CS
     Department of Medical Biochemistry, Tokyo Medical and Dental University,
     1-5-45 Yushima, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113-8519, Japan.
     BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (2000 Apr 13) 270 (2)
     Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X.
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     Regulation of the Raf-1 kinase
     domain by phosphorylation and 14-3-3 association.
AU
     Yip-Schneider M T; Miao W; Lin A; Barnard D S; Tzivion G; Marshall M S
CS
     Department of Medicine, Indiana University School of Medicine,
     Indianapolis, IN 46202, USA.
     BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, (2000 Oct 1) 351 (Pt 1) 151-9.
     Journal code: 2984726R. ISSN: 0264-6021.
CV
     England: United Kingdom
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA
     English
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EM
     200104
ED
     Entered STN: 20010502
     Last Updated on STN: 20010502
     Entered Medline: 20010426
L7
      ANSWER 5 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI
AN
      1999-10859 BIOTECHDS
TΙ
      Non-human transgenic animal containing oncogenic mutant RAF-1 gene;
          transgenic animal containing oncogenic Raf gene, used in lung cancer
         development research
AU
      Rapp U R
      Rapp U R
PA
LO
      Wurzburg, Germany.
PΤ
      WO 9928453 10 Jun 1999
      WO 1998-DE3557 27 Nov 1998
AΙ
      DE 1997-1054774 28 Nov 1997
PRAI
DТ
      Patent
LA
      German
OS
      WPI: 1999-385380 [32]
1.7
      ANSWER 6 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI
      1999-05589 BIOTECHDS
ΔN
TT
      New isolated human nucleic acid unique to c-raf-1;
         human c-raf-1 having point mutation in conserved region, may be useful
         for lung adenocarcinoma susceptibility diagnosis
ΑU
      Rapp U R; Storm S M
PΑ
      U.S.Dep.Health-Hum.Serv.
LO
      Washington, DC, USA.
PΙ
      US 5869308 9 Feb 1999
      US 1997-831317 1 Apr 1997
AΙ
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      WPI: 1999-152776 [13]
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                        MEDLINE
                                                         DUPLICATE 6
AN
     1999240702
                    MEDLINE
DN
     99240702
                PubMed ID: 10224075
     Nerve growth factor-stimulated B-Raf catalytic activity is refractory to
TI
     inhibition by cAMP-dependent protein kinase.
AU
     MacNicol M C; MacNicol A M
     Department of Medicine and the Committee on Cancer Biology, The University
CS
     of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois 60637, USA.
NC
     CA70846 (NCI)
     P60 DK20595-18 (NIDDK)
     JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1999 May 7) 274 (19) 13193-7.
SO
     Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
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     United States
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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     English
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     Priority Journals
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     199906
ED
     Entered STN: 19990614
     Last Updated on STN: 19990614
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Entered Medline: 19990603

- L7 ANSWER 8 OF 34 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISIDUPLICATE 7
- AN 1999:807015 SCISEARCH
- The Genuine Article (R) Number: 247DX
- Bacterially expressed Raf-1 catalytic domain is highly associated with GroEL
- Ho M F (Reprint); Wilson B A; Peterson J W
- WRIGHT STATE UNIV, SCH MED, DEPT BIOCHEM & MOL BIOL, DAYTON, OH 45435 CS (Reprint)
- CYA USA
- JOURNAL OF THE CHINESE CHEMICAL SOCIETY, (OCT 1999) Vol. 46, No. 5, pp. SO 735-742.
 - Publisher: CHINESE CHEM SOC, PO BOX 609, TAIPEI 10099, TAIWAN. ISSN: 0009-4536.
- DT Article: Journal
- FS PHYS
- LA English
- REC Reference Count: 42
 - *ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS*
- L7ANSWER 9 OF 34 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 8

- 1998380517 MEDLINE AN
- DN 98380517 PubMed ID: 9712920
- Activated raf induces the hyperphosphorylation of stathmin and the reorganization of the microtubule network.
- Lovric J; Dammeier S; Kieser A; Mischak H; Kolch W
- Institut fur Klinische Molekularbiologie und Tumorgenetik der GSF, CS Marchioninistrasse 25, D-81377 Munich, Germany.. Lovric@gsf.de
- SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1998 Aug 28) 273 (35) 22848-55. Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
- CY United States
- Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DT
- LA English
- FS Priority Journals
- 199809 EM
- ED Entered STN: 19981006

Last Updated on STN: 19981006

Entered Medline: 19980924

- L7 ANSWER 10 OF 34 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- 1999:57134 BIOSIS NΑ
- DN PREV199900057134
- Identification of radicicol as an inhibitor of in vivo Ras/Raf interaction TТ with the yeast two-hybrid screening system.
- AII Ki, Se Won; Kasahara, Koji; Kwon, Ho Jeong; Eishima, Jun; Takesako, Kazutoh; Cooper, Jonathan A.; Yoshida, Minoru (1); Horinouchi, Sueharu
- CS (1) Dep. Biotechnol., Grad. Sch. Agric. Life Sci., Univ. Tokyo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113 Japan
- SO Journal of Antibiotics (Tokyo), (Oct., 1998) Vol. 51, No. 10, pp. 936-944. ISSN: 0021-8820.
- DTArticle
- LA English
- => d 2-8 kwic
- 1.7 ANSWER 2 OF 34 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 1

- The present study characterizes the interaction between the Raf-AB 1 kinase domain and MEK1 and examines whether the magnitude of their interaction correlates to the ability of Raf to phosphorylate MEK1. Here.
- L7 ANSWER 3 OF 34 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 2

. have tested whether MAGUIN-1 interacts directly with Raf-1. AB

MAGUIN-1 and Raf-1 were coimmunoprecipitated from rat brain. MAGUIN-1 binds to the kinase domain of Raf-1

, and Raf-1 binds to the middle region of MAGUIN-1

containing the PH domain. However, in contrast to the dominant active

mutant of. . .

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 34 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 3

TI Regulation of the Raf-1 kinase domain by phosphorylation and 14-3-3 association.

- AB The Raf-1 kinase domain is kept in an inactive state by the N-terminal regulatory domain. Activation of the kinase domain occurs following release from. . .
- L7 ANSWER 5 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI
 AB. . . c-Raf-1 gene, is claimed. Also claimed is a non-human transgenic mammal containing foreign DNA with a constitutively active oncogenic mutant kinase-domain of the c-Raf-1 gene, or an equivalent normal allele or derivative of A, B or c-Raf-1. The claims also cover a process for. . .
- ANSWER 6 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI

 AB. . . c-raf-1 gene is claimed. No uses are stated, but the presence of point mutations in the conserved region (CR3, the kinase domain) of c-raf-1 is indicative of an increased risk of developing cancer (particularly lung adenocarcinoma) and is useful for deriving appropriate therapeutic strategies.. . .
- L7 ANSWER 7 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6
 AB . . . inhibition, of PC12 cell differentiation is curious in light of the ability of PKA to inhibit Raf-1 catalytic activity. The kinase domains of Raf-1 and B-Raf are highly conserved, and it has been predicted that B-Raf catalytic activity would also be inhibited by PKA. . . .
- L7 ANSWER 8 OF 34 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISIDUPLICATE 7

 AB . . . Binding of GroEL and ELISA analysis revealed a preferential GroEL binding site in the beta 1 sheet region of the Raf
 1 kinase domain.

=> d 2-8 ab

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1 The present study characterizes the interaction between the Raf-AB 1 kinase domain and MEK1 and examines whether the magnitude of their interaction correlates to the ability of Raf to phosphorylate MEK1. Here we show that the minimal domain required for the Raf kinase activity starts from tryptophan 342. Maximal binding of the Raf kinase domain to MEK1 and its kinase activity are achieved upon phosphorylation of the region (338)SSYY(341) in response to 4beta-12-0-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate (TPA), or mutation of Y340Y341 to aspartic acids. Conversely, the TPA-stimulated MEK binding and kinase activity are diminished when this region is deleted or Ser(338) and Ser(339) are mutated to alanines. We also show that the integrity of the Raf ATP-binding site is necessary for the interaction between Raf-1 and MEK1. Furthermore, two MEK-binding sites are identified; the first is localized between amino acids 325 and 349, and the second is within the region between amino acids 350 and 648. Separately, the binding of each site to MEK1 is weak, but in a cis context, they give rise to a much stronger association, which can be further stimulated by TPA. Finally, we find that tryptophan 342, which is conserved among the Raf family and other protein kinases, is essential for the Ser(338) phosphorylation of the full-length Raf and its binding to MEK1. Taken together, our results indicate that the phosphorylation of Ser(338) and Tyr(341) on Raf exerts an important effect on reconfiguring the two MEK-binding sites. As a result, these two sites coordinate to form a high affinity MEK-binding epitope, leading to a marked increase in Raf kinase activity.

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 2

AB Membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting protein (MAGUIN)-1 was identified as a protein interacting with synaptic scaffolding molecule

(S-SCAM) and postsynaptic density (PSD)-95/synapse-associated protein (SAP)90. MAGUIN-1 has a chimerical molecular structure composed of one

sterile alpha motif, one P: 5/Dlg-A/ZO-1 (PDZ), and one plantstrin homology (PH) domain, and interacts with the PDZ domains of S-SCAM and PSD-95/SAP90 via its carboxyl-terminal PDZ-binding motif. MAGUIN-1 is considered as a mammalian homologue of Drosophila CNK, which is a Raf-interacting protein implicated in the regulation of eye development. Here we have tested whether MAGUIN-1 interacts directly with Raf-1. MAGUIN-1 and Raf-1 were coimmunoprecipitated from rat brain. MAGUIN-1 binds to the kinase domain of Raf-1

, and Raf-1 binds to the middle region of MAGUIN-1 containing the PH domain. However, in contrast to the dominant active mutant of Ki-Ras, which interacts with Raf-1, recruits it to the plasma membrane from the cytosol, and activates it, MAGUIN-1 neither activates Raf-1 nor recruits it to the plasma membrane. MAGUIN-1 may link Raf-1 to components of synapses assembled by PSD-95/SAP90 and S-SCAM. Copyright 2000 Academic Press.

ANSWER 4 OF 34 MEDLINE

L7

AB

DUPLICATE 3

The Raf-1 kinase domain is kept in

an inactive state by the N-terminal regulatory domain. Activation of the kinase domain occurs following release from the N-terminal repression and possible catalytic upregulation. To distinguish the regulatory mechanisms that directly influence the catalytic activity of the enzyme from those which act through the inhibitory domain, the catalytic domain of Raf-1 (CR3) was expressed in COS-7 cells. The role of phosphorylation in the direct regulation of this domain was determined by substituting non-phosphorylatable amino acids for known serine and tyrosine phosphorylation sites. The intrinsic activity of each mutant protein was determined as well as stimulation by v-Src and phorbol esters. Both v-Src and phorbol esters were potent activators of CR3, requiring the serine 338/339 (p21-activated protein kinase, Pak) and tyrosine 340/341 (Src) phosphorylation sites for full stimulation of CR3. In contrast, loss of the serine 497/499 protein kinase C phosphorylation sites had little effect on CR3 activation by either v-Src or phorbol esters. Loss of serine 621, a 14-3-3 adaptor-protein-binding site, prevented activation of CR3 by v-Src or phorbol esters and partially decreased the high basal activity of the kinase fragment. When co-expressed in COS-7 cells, 14-3-3 associated strongly with full-length Raf-1, weakly with wild-type CR3 and not at all with the A621 and D621 CR3 mutants. The role of 14-3-3 in maintaining the activity of the catalytic domain of Raf-1 was investigated further by performing peptide-competition studies with wild-type CR3, wild-type CR3 and v-Src or constitutively active CR3 (CR3[YY340/341DD]). In each case, incubation of the proteins with a phosphoserine-621 Raf-1 peptide, which we show displaced Raf-1 and CR3[YY340/341DD] from 14-3-3, was found to substantially reduce catalytic activity. Taken together, our results support a model of Raf regulation in which the activity of the Raf-1 catalytic domain is directly upregulated by phosphorylation, following relief of inhibition by the N-terminal regulatory domain upon Ras-GTP binding. Moreover, the presence of serine 621 in the free catalytic fragment is required for full CR3 activation by stimulatory factors, and the continuous presence of 14-3-3 at this site is necessary for retaining activity once the kinase is activated.

L7

AB

ANSWER 5 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI A non-human transgenic animal with cells that express a constitutively active c-Raf-1 gene with an oncogenic mutation in the kinase-domain, or a protein encoded by a corresponding normal allele or derivative of the A, B or c-Raf-1 gene, is claimed. Also claimed is a non-human transgenic mammal containing foreign DNA with a constitutively active oncogenic mutant kinase-domain of the c-Raf-1 gene, or an equivalent normal allele or derivative of A, B or c-Raf-1. The claims also cover a process for production of that transgenic animal, and a tissue sample, particularly of lung tissue, derived from the transgenic animal, characterized by an increased tendency to form tumors. Also covered is a means of producing that tissue sample from the transgenic animal, and a recombinant vector containing a DNA sequence that encodes the mutant kinase-domain, a surfactant-C-protein promoter, and optionally SV40 virus DNA. The vector is used to produce the transgenic animal, and tissues derived from that animal. The transgenic tissues are used in research into the development of lung cancer,

particularly lung carcinon (42pp)

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI AB A novel isolated DNA sequence (I) having a point mutation in the conserved region encoding amino acids 450-630 of the 630 protein sequence encoding the human c-raf-1 gene is claimed. No uses are stated, but the presence of point mutations in the conserved region (CR3, the kinase domain) of c-raf-1 is indicative of an increased risk of developing cancer (particularly lung adenocarcinoma) and is useful for deriving appropriate therapeutic strategies. (26pp)

1.7 ANSWER 7 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 6 The cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA) exhibits both inhibitory and AB stimulatory effects upon growth factor signaling mediated by the mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling pathway. PKA has been demonstrated to inhibit Raf-1-mediated cellular proliferation. PKA can both prevent Ras-dependent Raf-1 activation and directly inhibit Raf-1 catalytic activity. In contrast to the inhibitory effect of PKA on Raf-1-dependent processes, PKA potentiates nerve growth factor-stimulated PC12 cell differentiation, a B-Raf mediated process. This potentiation, rather than inhibition, of PC12 cell differentiation is curious in light of the ability of PKA to inhibit Raf-1 catalytic activity. kinase domains of Raf-1 and B-Raf are highly conserved, and it has been predicted that B-Raf catalytic activity would also be inhibited by PKA. In this study we examined the ability of PKA to regulate the kinase activity of the B-raf proto-oncogene. We report that nerve growth factor-stimulated B-Raf activity is not inhibited by PKA. By contrast, an N-terminally truncated, constitutively active form of B-Raf is inhibited by PKA both in vitro and in transfected PC12 cells. These results suggest that the N-terminal regulatory domain interferes with the ability of PKA to modulate B-Raf catalytic activity and provide an explanation for the observed resistance of B-Raf-dependent processes to PKA inhibition.

ANSWER 8 OF 34 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISIDUPLICATE 7 Raf-1 is a key protein kinase in the mitogen-activated protein kinase cascade. We have subcloned the catalytic domain of Raf-1 into the bacterial expression vectors, pTrcHisB and pGEX-6P-1, denoted as His (6) - Delta Raf and GST-RafBXB, respectively. Chromatography of the recombinant proteins using Ni-NTA agarose, Sephacryl S-300, and glutathione-sepharose revealed association of Raf-1 catalytic domain in a high molecular weight complex with a 57 kDa protein. Microsequencing of this 57 kDa protein identified it as GroEL, a heat shock protein in E. coli important far protein folding. GroEL association with the Raf-1 catalytic domain is specific, as evidenced by its association with both Raf-1 constructs. Native-PAGE gels and Western analysis of gel filtration fractions revealed association of the catalytic domain with a large molecular weight complex consistent with the tetradecameric complex of GroEL. A peptide library of 384 dodecapeptides corresponding to the entire catalytic domain of Raf-1 was constructed by the spot synthesis method. Binding of GroEL and ELISA analysis revealed a preferential GroEL binding site in the beta 1 sheet region of the Raf-1 kinase domain.

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TI

L7 AB

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 9

AN1998124186 MEDLINE

DN 98124186 PubMed ID: 9464539

Regulation of c-myc expression by Ras/Raf signalling.

AU Kerkhoff E; Houben R; Loffler S; Troppmair J; Lee J E; Rapp U R

- CS Institut fur medizinische Strahlenkunde und Zellforschung, University of Wurzburg, Germany.
- SO ONCOGENE, (1998 Jan 15) 16 (2) 211-6. Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
- CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom
- DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

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LA
      English
 FS
      Priority Journals
 EM
      199802
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      Entered STN: 19980226
      Last Updated on STN: 20000303
      Entered Medline: 19980219
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      ANSWER 12 OF 34
                                                         DUPLICATE 10
 AN
      1998077317
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 DN
      98077317 PubMed ID: 9416835
      Protein kinase C-epsilon associates with the Raf-1 kinase and induces the
 TI
      production of growth factors that stimulate Raf-1 activity.
 IΙΔ
     Ueffing M; Lovric J; Philipp A; Mischak H; Kolch W
     GSF-Forschungszentrum fur Umwelt und Gesundheit, Instit fur Klinische
 CS
     Molekularbiologie und Tumorgenetik, Munchen.
     ONCOGENE, (1997 Dec 11) 15 (24) 2921-7.
 SO
     Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DТ
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LΑ
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EM
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1.7
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ΑN
     97299872
                MEDLINE
               PubMed ID: 9155021
DN
     97299872
TТ
     Mammalian Raf-1 is activated by mutations that restore Raf signaling in
     Drosophila.
ΔII
     Cutler R E Jr; Morrison D K
CS
     Molecular Basis of Carcinogenesis Laboratory, ABL-Basic Research Program,
     National Cancer Institute, Frederick Cancer Research and Development
     Center, MD 21702, USA.
SO
     EMBO JOURNAL, (1997 Apr 15) 16 (8) 1953-60.
     Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DT
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     English
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     199706
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     Entered STN: 19970716
     Last Updated on STN: 20000303
     Entered Medline: 19970627
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     ANSWER 14 OF 34
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ΑN
     97429918
                 MEDLINE
DN
     97429918
              PubMed ID: 9285556
     Mutations of critical amino acids affect the biological and biochemical
ΤI
     properties of oncogenic A-Raf and Raf-1.
ΑU
     Bosch E; Cherwinski H; Peterson D; McMahon M
     Department of Cell Signaling, DNAX Research Institute, Palo Alto,
CS
     California 94304-1104, USA.
SO
     ONCOGENE, (1997 Aug 28) 15 (9) 1021-33.
     Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DТ
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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L7
    ANSWER 15 OF 34
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AN
    1998053492
                  MEDLINE
DN
    98053492 PubMed ID: 9392004
TI
    Constitutive modulation of Raf-1 protein kinase is associated with
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differential gene expression of several known and unknown general S; Wang F H; Whiteside T L; Kasid U AU CS Department of Radiation Medicine, Lombardi Cancer Center, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C. 20007, USA. NC CA58984 (NCI) CA68322 (NCI) OD68322 (NIH) SO MOLECULAR MEDICINE, (1997 Oct) 3 (10) 674-85. Journal code: 9501023. ISSN: 1076-1551. United States Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DT English FS Priority Journals os GENBANK-U70771; GENBANK-U70772 ΕM 199801 ED Entered STN: 19980217 Last Updated on STN: 19980217 Entered Medline: 19980130 L7 ANSWER 16 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 14 AN97175147 MEDLINE DN 97175147 PubMed ID: 9022807 TT Correlation of constitutive activation of raf-1 with morphological transformation and abrogation of tyrosine phosphorylation of distinct sets of proteins in human squamous carcinoma cells. ΑIJ Patel B K; Ray S; Whiteside T L; Kasid U Department of Radiation Medicine, Lombardi Cancer Center, Georgetown CS University Medical Center, Washington, DC 20007, USA. NC CA58954 (NCI) CA68322 (NCI) SO MOLECULAR CARCINOGENESIS, (1997 Jan) 18 (1) 1-6. Journal code: 8811105. ISSN: 0899-1987. CV United States DТ Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LAEnglish FS Priority Journals 199702 EM ED Entered STN: 19970306 Last Updated on STN: 19980206 Entered Medline: 19970227 L7 ANSWER 17 OF 34 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 15** AN 96413291 MEDLINE DN 96413291 PubMed ID: 8816453 ΤI Negative regulation of Raf-1 by phosphorylation of serine 621. ΑU Mischak H; Seitz T; Janosch P; Eulitz M; Steen H; Schellerer M; Philipp A; Kolch W GSF-Institut fur Klinische Molekularbiologie und Tumorgenetik, Munich, CS MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (1996 Oct) 16 (10) 5409-18. SO Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306. CY United States DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LA English FS Priority Journals EΜ 199611 ED Entered STN: 19961219 Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19961115 L7 ANSWER 18 OF 34 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 16** ΑN 96275763 MEDLINE DN 96275763 PubMed ID: 8665528 TΙ Suppression of a human colon cancer cell line by introduction of an exogenous NF1 gene. ΑU Li Y; White R CS Howard Hughes Medical Institute, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah 84112, USA.

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SO
      CANCER RESEARCH, (1996 Jun
                                     56 (12) 2872-6.
      Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.
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      United States
DT
      Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA
     English
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      Priority Journals
EM
      199608
ED
     Entered STN: 19960819
     Last Updated on STN: 20000303
     Entered Medline: 19960806
L7
     ANSWER 19 OF 34
                          MEDLINE
                                                          DUPLICATE 17
AN
     96404523
                   MEDLINE
DN
     96404523
                 PubMed ID: 8808705
     Inhibition of Raf-1 signaling by a monoclonal antibody, which interferes
TТ
     with Raf-1 activation and with Mek substrate binding.
AU
     Kolch W; Philipp A; Mischak H; Dutil E M; Mullen T M; Feramisco J R;
     Meinkoth J L; Rose D W
     Department of Medicine, University of California at San Diego, La Jolla
     92093, USA.
SO
     ONCOGENE, (1996 Sep 19) 13 (6) 1305-14.
     Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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LA
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     Entered STN: 19961219
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L7
     ANSWER 20 OF 34
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\Delta N
     95294017
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                PubMed ID: 7539798
TI
     Functional mapping of the N-terminal regulatory domain in the human Raf-1
     protein kinase.
AII
     Chow Y H; Pumiglia K; Jun T H; Dent P; Sturgill T W; Jove R
     Department of Microbiology and Immunology, University of Michigan Medical
CS
     School, Ann Arbor 48109, USA.
NC
     CA55652 (NCI)
     JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1995 Jun 9) 270 (23) 14100-6.
SO
     Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
CY
     United States
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LΑ
     English
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     Entered STN: 19950720
     Last Updated on STN: 20000303
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L7
     ANSWER 14 OF 34
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                                                          DUPLICATE 12
AN
     97429918
                  MEDLINE
DN
     97429918
                PubMed ID: 9285556
ΤI
     Mutations of critical amino acids affect the biological and biochemical
     properties of oncogenic A-Raf and Raf-1.
ΑU
     Bosch E; Cherwinski H; Peterson D; McMahon M
CS
     Department of Cell Signaling, DNAX Research Institute, Palo Alto,
     California 94304-1104, USA.
SO
     ONCOGENE, (1997 Aug 28) 15 (9) 1021-33.
     Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
CY
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ED Entered STN: 19971008

Last Updated on STN: 20000303

Entered Medline: 19970922

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 18

AN 95294017 MEDLINE

DN 95294017 PubMed ID: 7539798

TI Functional mapping of the N-terminal regulatory domain in the human Raf-1 protein kinase.

AU Chow Y H; Pumiglia K; Jun T H; Dent P; Sturgill T W; Jove R

CS Department of Microbiology and Immunology, University of Michigan Medical School, Ann Arbor 48109, USA.

NC CA55652 (NCI)

SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1995 Jun 9) 270 (23) 14100-6. Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

CY United States

DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English

FS Priority Journals

EM 199507

ED Entered STN: 19950720

Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19950710

=> d 14, 20 ab

1.7 ANSWER 14 OF 34 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 12** AB The catalytic domains of the Raf family of protein kinases (deltaRaf) differ in their ability to activate MEK in vitro and in vivo and in their ability to oncogenically transform mammalian cells. The kinase domain of B-Raf is more active than the equivalent portion of Raf-1 which in turn is more active than A-Raf. In Raf-1 the phosphorylation or mutation to aspartic acid of two key tyrosine residues upstream of the ATP binding site has been demonstrated to significantly potentiate catalytic activity. In A-Raf the analogous amino acids are also tyrosine whereas in B-Raf they are aspartic acid. To determine if these differences in amino acid sequence influence the relative catalytic activity of the Raf kinase domains we constructed forms of deltaA-Raf, deltaB-Raf and deltaRaf-1 that encode either aspartic acid [DD], phenylalanine [FF] or tyrosine [YY] at these positions. These proteins were expressed both in mammalian cells as fusions with the hormone binding domain of the estrogen receptor and as epitope-tagged proteins in Sf9 insect cells to test their oncogenic and catalytic potentials. When expressed in Rat1 or 3T3 cells in the presence of hormone all of the deltaRaf-1:ER and deltaA-Raf:ER proteins were transforming with the exception of the [FF] form of deltaA-Raf. In general the [DD] forms of the deltaRaf-1:ER and deltaA-Raf:ER proteins were the most potently oncogenic which correlated with their ability to elicit activation of the MAP kinase pathway. Consistent with the transformation data, the catalytic activity of the [DD] forms of deltaA-Raf:ER and deltaRaf-1:ER was about ten times greater than the cognate [FF] and [YY] forms of the proteins. By contrast all of the deltaB-Raf: ER proteins were highly transforming and deltaB-Raf catalytic activity was largely unaffected by mutation of the aforementioned aspartic acids to either tyrosine or phenylalanine. Similar results were obtained with epitope-tagged forms of deltaA-Raf, deltaB-Raf and deltaRaf-1 expressed in Sf9 cells. These data provide support for the model that key tyrosine residues in the protein kinase domains of A-Raf and Raf-1 are important in the regulation of catalytic activity. In addition they demonstrate that the higher intrinsic activity of B-Raf cannot be explained simply by the presence of aspartic acids at the analogous positions.

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 18

AB Raf-1 is a serine/threonine kinase poised at a key relay point in mitogenic signal transduction pathways from the cell surface to the nucleus. Activation of the transforming potential of Raf-1 has been associated with N-terminal truncation and/or fusion to other proteins, suggesting that the Raf-1 N-terminal half harbors a negative regulatory

domain. Seven internal delement on mutants that together scan entire N-terminal half of human Rar-1 protein were generated to map functional regions in this regulatory domain. Effects of the deletion mutations on kinase activity of Raf-1 were evaluated using a baculovirus/insect cell overexpression system and an in vitro kinase assay with the known physiological substrate of Raf-1, mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase. Deletion of amino acids 276-323 in the unique sequence between conserved regions 2 and 3 leads to modest elevation of Raf-1 basal kinase activity, whereas deletion of amino acids 133-180 in conserved region 1 results in diminished kinase activity. Surprisingly, none of the Raf-1 N-terminal deletion mutants, including a truncated version that is transforming in rodent fibroblasts, exhibits greatly increased levels of basal kinase activity. In addition, while activation of Raf-1 kinase by Ras requires sequences in conserved region 1, only the C-terminal half containing the kinase domain of Raf-1 is required for activation by Src. These findings demonstrate that N-terminal deletions in Raf-1 do not necessarily result in constitutively elevated

basal kinase activity and that the N-terminal regulatory domain is completely dispensable for Raf-1 activation by Src.

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=> d 21-30
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ANSWER 21 OF 34
                    MEDLINE
                                                    DUPLICATE 19
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- AN96030784 MEDLINE
- PubMed ID: 7588608 DN 96030784
- ERF: an ETS domain protein with strong transcriptional repressor activity, TТ can suppress ets-associated tumorigenesis and is regulated by phosphorylation during cell cycle and mitogenic stimulation.
- Sgouras D N; Athanasiou M A; Beal G J Jr; Fisher R J; Blair D G; AU Mavrothalassitis G J
- Laboratory of Molecular Oncology, National Cancer Institute, Frederick, MD 21702-1201, USA.
- SO EMBO JOURNAL, (1995 Oct 2) 14 (19) 4781-93. Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
- CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom
- Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DТ
- LAEnglish
- FS Priority Journals
- OS GENBANK-U15655
- EM199511
- ED Entered STN: 19960124

Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19951128

- L7ANSWER 22 OF 34 MEDLINE
- AN 95188873 MEDLINE
- DN 95188873 PubMed ID: 7882972
- Regulation of Raf-1 kinase activity by the 14-3-3 family of proteins. ΤI
- Li S; Janosch P; Tanji M; Rosenfeld G C; Waymire J C; Mischak H; Kolch W; ΑU Sedivy J M
- Department of Molecular Biophysics and Biochemistry, Yale University CS School of Medicine, New Haven, CT 06520.
- NC GM-R01-41690 (NIGMS)
- EMBO JOURNAL, (1995 Feb 15) 14 (4) 685-96. SO Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
- CY ENGLAND: United Kingdom
- DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
- LΑ English
- Priority Journals FS
- EM199504
- ED Entered STN: 19950425

Last Updated on STN: 19980206 Entered Medline: 19950407

- L7 ANSWER 23 OF 34 MEDLINE
- AN95408256 MEDLINE
- DN 95408256 PubMed ID: 7545901
- ΤI The 33-kDa C-terminal domain of Raf-1 protein kinase exhibits a

DUPLICATE 21

DUPLICATE 20

Ras-independent serum- and prbol ester-induced shift in game hobility. Olah Z; Ferrier A; Lehel C; Anderson W B AU CS Laboratory of Cellular Oncology, National Cancer Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD 20892, USA. BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, (1995 Sep 14) 214 (2) 340-7. Journal code: 0372516. ISSN: 0006-291X. CY United States DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LA English FS Priority Journals EM 199510 ED Entered STN: 19951026 Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19951019 L7 ANSWER 24 OF 34 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 22** AN 95021198 MEDLINE DN95021198 PubMed ID: 7935389 Mechanism of inhibition of Raf-1 by protein kinase A. TIΑU Hafner S; Adler H S; Mischak H; Janosch P; Heidecker G; Wolfman A; Pippig S; Lohse M; Ueffing M; Kolch W CS Institut fur Klinische Molekularbiologie und Tumorgenetik, Munich. SO MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, (1994 Oct) 14 (10) 6696-703. Journal code: 8109087. ISSN: 0270-7306. CY United States DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LΑ English FS Priority Journals EΜ 199410 ED Entered STN: 19941222 Last Updated on STN: 20020420 Entered Medline: 19941021 L7 ANSWER 25 OF 34 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 23 ΑN 94289818 MEDLINE DN 94289818 PubMed ID: 8019003 Raf-1 interferes with Ras and RaplA effector functions in yeast. TΤ ΑIJ Ruggieri R; Macdonald S G; Callow M; McCormick F CS Onyx Pharmaceuticals, Richmond, California. NC CA60443 (NCI) NCI: CA51992-04 (NCI) SO MOLECULAR BIOLOGY OF THE CELL, (1994 Feb) 5 (2) 173-81. Journal code: 9201390. ISSN: 1059-1524. CY United States DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LA English FS Priority Journals EM 199408 ED Entered STN: 19940815 Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19940802 ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L7 AN1993:492494 HCAPLUS DN 119:92494 Oncogene activation: c-raf-1 gene mutations in experimental and naturally occurring tumors ΑU Storm, Stephen M.; Rapp, Ulf R. Frederick Cancer Res. Dev. Cent., Frederick, MD, USA CS Toxicology Letters (1993), 67(1-3), 201-10 SO CODEN: TOLED5; ISSN: 0378-4274 DT Journal; General Review English LA L7 ANSWER 27 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS AN 1991:226728 HCAPLUS DN 114:226728 ΤI The Raf-1 kinase as a transducer of mitogenic signals

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ΑU
     Morrison, Deborah K.
     Frederick Cancer Res. Dev. cent., NCI, Frederick, MD, 21702,
 CS
     Cancer Cells (1989) (1990), 2(12), 377-82
 SO
      CODEN: CCELER; ISSN: 1042-2196
DT
     Journal; General Review
LΑ
     English
L7
     ANSWER 28 OF 34
                          MEDLINE
                                                          DUPLICATE 24
AN
     89239469
                  MEDLINE
DΝ
     89239469
                PubMed ID: 2524024
TI
     A mechanism of c-raf-1 activation: fusion of the lipocortin II
     amino-terminal sequence with the c-raf-1
     kinase domain.
AIJ
     Mitsunobu F; Fukui M; Oda T; Yamamoto T; Toyoshima K
     The Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo, Japan.
CS
SO
     ONCOGENE, (1989 Apr) 4 (4) 437-42.
     Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
CY
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
EΜ
     198906
ED
     Entered STN: 19900306
     Last Updated on STN: 19980206
     Entered Medline: 19890612
L7
     ANSWER 29 OF 34 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI
AN
     89:266798 SCISEARCH
GA
     The Genuine Article (R) Number: U5677
TI
     A MECHANISM OF C-RAF-1 ACTIVATION - FUSION OF THE LIPOCORTIN-II
     AMINO-TERMINAL SEQUENCE WITH THE C-RAF-1
     KINASE DOMAIN
ΔII
     MITSUNOBU F; FUKUI M; ODA T; YAMAMOTO T (Reprint); TOYOSHIMA K
     UNIV TOKYO, INST MED SCI, 4-6-1 SHIROKANEDAI, MINATO KU, TOKYO 108, JAPAN;
CS
     OKAYAMA UNIV, SCH MED, OKAYAMA 700, JAPAN
CYA
     ONCOGENE, (1989) Vol. 4, No. 4, pp. 437-442.
SO
DT
     Article; Journal
FS
     LIFE
     ENGLISH
LA
REC Reference Count: 39
     ANSWER 30 OF 34
L7
                         MEDLINE
                                                         DUPLICATE 25
AN
     87269680
                  MEDLINE
DN
     87269680
                PubMed ID: 3300556
TI
     Activated c-raf-1 gene from human stomach cancer.
ΑU
     Shimizu K; Nakatsu Y; Oh-uchida M; Nomoto S; Sekiguchi M
SO
     GAN TO KAGAKU RYOHO [JAPANESE JOURNAL OF CANCER AND CHEMOTHERAPY], (1987
     Jun) 14 (6 Pt 2) 2140-6.
     Journal code: 7810034. ISSN: 0385-0684.
CY
     Japan
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LΑ
     Japanese
FS
     Priority Journals
EΜ
     198707
ED
     Entered STN: 19900305
     Last Updated on STN: 19900305
     Entered Medline: 19870727
=> d 23, 26, 28, 29 ab
L7
     ANSWER 23 OF 34
                         MEDLINE
                                                         DUPLICATE 21
AB
     Experiments were carried out to determine Raf-1
     protein kinase domain fragments which exhibit a
     characteristic electrophoretic mobility shift noted with Raf-1 protein
     kinase in response to serum and phorbol ester (PMA) treatment of
```

serum-deprived NIH 3T3 cells. Epsilon-epitope tagged 84 kDa Raf-1

holoenzyme (HR-epsilon), as well as the epsilon-epsilon pitope tagged 35

kDa N-terminal (RI-epsilon 33 kDa mid-portion (RII-epsilon and 33 kDa C-terminal (RIII-epsilon) fragments of Raf-1 were overexpressed in NIH 3T3 cells. The overexpressed HR-epsilon exhibited a serum- and PMA-induced shift in gel mobility similar to that noted with endogenous Raf-1. The C-terminal RIII-epsilon fragment exhibited a similar shift in gel mobility while the electrophoretic mobility of the N-terminal RI-epsilon fragment remained unchanged. These results suggest that modification(s) within the 33 kDa C-terminal portion of Raf-1 which occur independently of association with Ras may be responsible for the band shift observed with serum and PMA treatment of serum-deprived NIH 3T3 cells.

- L7 ANSWER 26 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AB The authors demonstrate here consistent point mutations of the c-raf-1 proto-oncogene, within a small region of the kinase domain, in a mouse model for chem. tumor induction. This is the 1st demonstration of point mutated raf genes in vivo, and the 1st isolation of activating, in vivo point mutations in the kinase domain of a proto-oncogene. The specific region where these mutations are clustered also has biol. significance. This is precisely the region where 5/5 independently generated monoclonal antibodies raised against Raf-1 map to, and predictions based upon the crystal structure of A kinase identify this as the substrate pocket. The tumors examd. show a selective specificity for Raf-1 mutations in that another family of genes, the ras proto-oncogenes which are frequently activated by point mutation in both animal and human tumors, is NOT: general involved. The authors consistent finding of Raf-1 mutations in a mouse tumor model also has consequences for further evaluation of the role of Raf-1 in human tumor development, as it emphasizes the need to examine c-raf-1 at the sequence level. In fact preliminary screening of human lung tumors indicates point mutations at amino acid 533. Finally, the cumulative data on the crit. role of Raf-1 in signal transduction and the occurrence of oncogenic Raf-1 in tumors highlight this enzyme as an attractive target for development of novel anticancer regimens.
- L7 ANSWER 28 OF 34 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 24

AB In order to understand the mechanism of oncogenic activation, we have analyzed the c-raf-1 gene from the GL-5-JCK human glioblastoma, which underwent rearrangement during transfection experiments. Nucleotide sequencing of cDNA clones derived from the 2.5 kb raf-mRNA, which is a major transcript of raf in NIH3T3 cells transformed with GL-5-JCK DNA, revealed that this mRNA contains sequences derived from the human c-raf-1 gene and the human lipocortin II gene. Translation of the 2.5 kb raf-mRNA predicted a fusion protein consisting of 16 amino-terminal amino acid residues of the lipocortin II and 370 carboxy-terminal amino acid residues of the c-raf-1 protein which contains the kinase domain. Expression of the lipocortin II-raf cDNA

using the murine sarcoma virus long terminal repeat as promoter resulted in the transformation of NIH3T3 cells.

L7 ANSWER 29 OF 34 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI

=> d 31-34

ANSWER 31 OF 34 L7 MEDLINE **DUPLICATE 26**

AN 87292133 MEDLINE

DN PubMed ID: 3616625

- The raf oncogene is associated with a radiation-resistant human laryngeal
- ΑU Kasid U; Pfeifer A; Weichselbaum R R; Dritschilo A; Mark G E

NC CA425969 (NCI)

- SO SCIENCE, (1987 Aug 28) 237 (4818) 1039-41. Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.
- CYUnited States
- DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
- LA English
- FS Priority Journals
- ΕM 198709
- ED Entered STN: 19900305

Last Updated on STN: 19970203

- Entered Medline: 19870924 ANSWER 32 OF 34 LIFESCI L7 COPYRIGHT 2003 CSA AN 87:50488 LIFESCI TΙ The raf oncogene is associated with a radiation-resistant human laryngeal Kasid, U.; Pfeifer, A.; Weichselbaum, R.R.; Dritschilo, A.; Mark, G.E. CS Dep. Radiat. Med., Georgetown Univ. Sch. Med., Vincent T. Lombardi Cancer Cent., Washington, DC 20007, USA SCIENCE (WASH.)., (1987) vol. 238, no. 4818, pp. 1039-1040. DTJournal FS N; G LA English SL English L7 ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS AN 1988:487252 HCAPLUS DN 109:87252 Structure of the activated c-raf-1 gene from human stomach cancer TIΑU Shimizu, Kenji; Nakatsu, Yoshimichi; Nomoto, Satoshi; Sekiguchi, Mutsuo CS Fac. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, 812, Japan Proceedings of the International Symposium of the Princess Takamatsu SO Cancer Research Fund (1987), Volume Date 1986, 17th (Oncog. Cancer), 85-91 CODEN: PPTCBY DT Journal LА English L7 ANSWER 34 OF 34 MEDLINE AN 88330725 MEDLINE DN 88330725 PubMed ID: 2843497 TΤ Structure of the activated c-raf-1 gene from human stomach cancer. ΑU Shimizu K; Nakatsu Y; Nomoto S; Sekiquchi M Molecular Genetics Section, Faculty of Science, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan. PRINCESS TAKAMATSU SYMPOSIA, (1986) 17 85-91. SO Journal code: 9301172. CY United States Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
- DT
- LAEnglish
- FS Priority Journals
- EM 198810
- ED Entered STN: 19900308

Last Updated on STN: 19900308 Entered Medline: 19881027

=> d 33, 34 ab

ANSWER 33 OF 34 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L7

A novel human transforming gene was previously isolated from a primary AB stomach cancer and was identified as an activated version of the c-raf-1 gene which is the human homolog of v-raf, a viral oncogene encoding a serine/threonine-specific protein kinase. Analyses of cDNA and genomic clones of this gene revealed that it was generated by substitution of 5'-sequence (exons 1-5) of the normal c-raf-1 gene with an unrelated human sequence. The region in the genomic clone was identified where the rearrangement had occurred. The rearranged EcoRI fragment was detected in all the primary transformants obtained from two independent transfections, suggesting that the recombination had occurred in the primary cancer. By sequence anal. of cDNA, the putative product of the transforming gene was inferred to have a hydrophobic stretch ahead of the serine/threonineprotein kinase domain of the c-raf-1 gene product. One of the cDNA which contains the 1.6-kb open reading frame was introduced into the pUC9 vector. An autophosphorylating, 58 kd protein was induced in Escherichia coli cells bearing the plasmid upon induction. Since serine/threonine-protein kinase activity of the normal c-raf protein has not been evidenced, these results suggest that the truncation/replacement of the amino-terminal domain of the c-raf-1 protein leads to constitutive activation of the protein kinase probably residing

on the downstream domain.

L7 ANSWER 34 OF 34 MEDLINE We previously isolated a novel human transforming gene from a primary AB stomach cancer and identified it as an activated version of the c-raf-1 gene which is the human homologue of v-raf, a viral oncogene encoding a serine/threonine-specific protein kinase. Analyses of cDNA and genomic clones of this gene revealed that it was generated by substitution of 5'-sequence (exons 1-5) of the normal c-raf-1 gene with an unrelated human sequence. We identified the region in the genomic clone where the rearrangement had occurred. The rearranged EcoRI fragment was detected in all the primary transformants obtained from two independent transfections, suggesting that the recombination had occurred in the primary cancer. By sequence analysis of cDNA, the putative product of the transforming gene was inferred to have a hydrophobic stretch ahead of the ser/thr-protein kinase domain of the c-raf-1 gene product. We introduced one of the cDNA which contains the 1.6-kb open reading frame into the pUC9 vector. An autophosphorylating, 58 kd protein was induced in Escherichia coli cells bearing the plasmid upon induction. Since ser/thr-protein kinase activity of the normal c-raf protein has not been evidenced, these results suggest that the truncation/replacement of the amino-terminal domain of the c-raf-1 protein leads to constitutive activation of the protein kinase probably residing on the downstream domain. => S (CRAF OR RAF-1)(5a) (mutant or variant) 9 FILES SEARCHED... LB 1013 (CRAF OR RAF-1) (5A) (MUTANT OR VARIANT) => s 18 and 375 L9 6 L8 AND 375 => dup rem 19 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9 T.10 1 DUP REM L9 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED) => d L10 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 1 ΑN 2001015507 MEDLINE DN20459105 PubMed ID: 10887184 Point mutants of c-raf-1 RBD with elevated ΤI binding to v-Ha-Ras. Fridman M; Maruta H; Gonez J; Walker F; Treutlein H; Zeng J; Burgess A AII Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research, P. O. Box 2008, Royal Melbourne CS Hospital, Victoria 3050, Australia. JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (2000 Sep 29) 275 (39) 30363-71. SO Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258. CY United States Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DTLΑ English FS Priority Journals EΜ 200010 ED Entered STN: 20010322 Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20001027 => s 18 and lysine L114 L8 AND LYSINE => dup rewm l11 ENTER REMOVE, IDENTIFY, ONLY, OR (?):rem 'REWM' IS NOT VALID. VALID FILE NAMES ARE 'EMBASE, HCAPLUS, BIOTECHNO' You have entered a file name of duplicates to keep that is not referenced by any of the L#s specified for this DUPLICATE command.

The file names of duplicates that can be kept are listed above.

Please enter one of these file names.

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11
L12
              3 DUP REM L11 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
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L12
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
AN
     2000:808202 HCAPLUS
DN
     134:111865
     c-Raf-1 RBD Associates with a Subset of Active v-H-Ras
ΤI
AU
     Fridman, Masha; Walker, Francesca; Catimel, Bruno; Domagala, Teresa; Nice,
     Edouard; Burgess, Antony
     Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research, Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victoria,
CS
     3050, Australia
SO
     Biochemistry (2000), 39(50), 15603-15611
     CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960
PR
     American Chemical Society
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
RE.CNT 44
              THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L12
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.DUPLICATE 1
     1999061407 EMBASE
ΔN
     Nuclear magnetic resonance and molecular dynamics studies on the
TТ
     interactions of the Ras-binding domain of Raf-1 with
     wild-type and mutant Ras proteins.
ΑIJ
     Terada T.; Ito Y.; Shirouzu M.; Tateno M.; Hashimoto K.; Kigawa T.;
     Ebisuzaki T.; Takio K.; Shibata T.; Yokoyama S.; Smith B.O.; Laue E.D.;
     Cooper J.A.
CS
     S. Yokoyama, Cellular Signaling Laboratory, Institute Physical Chemical
     Research, 2-1 Hirosawa, Wako-shi, Saitama 351-0198, Japan.
     yokoyama@y-sun.biochem.s.u.-tokyo.ac.jp
     Journal of Molecular Biology, (12 Feb 1999) 286/1 (219-232).
SO
     Refs: 74
     ISSN: 0022-2836 CODEN: JMOBAK
CY
     United Kingdom
DT
     Journal; Article
FS
     029
             Clinical Biochemistry
LA
     English
SL
     English
L12 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ΑN
     1998:557895 HCAPLUS
DN
     129:256913
     Identification of residues in the cysteine-rich domain of Raf-1 that
     control Ras binding and Raf-1 activity
ΑU
     Winkler, David G.; Cutler, Richard E., Jr.; Drugan, Jonelle K.; Campbell,
     Sharon; Morrison, Deborah K.; Cooper, Jonathan A.
     Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, WA, 98109-1024, USA
CS
SO
     Journal of Biological Chemistry (1998), 273 (34), 21578-21584
     CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
     American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
PΒ
DT
     Journal
     English
LA
RE.CNT 48
              THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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=> d 1, 3 ab

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AB Mutational anal. of the cRaf-1 Ras binding domain (RBD) identified several point mutants with elevated Ras binding. Detailed examn. of the binding kinetics of one mutant (A85K) suggests that it assocs. with a greater range of isomeric conformers of v-H-Ras than wt.-RBD. At limiting v-H-Ras concns., satn. binding to A85K-RBD is higher than to wt.-RBD. Notably, in assay systems where the RBD concn. is limiting, no difference exists

between wt.-RBD and A85K-RI satn. levels in the presence of sufficiently large molar excess of Ras. The inability of wt.-RBD to sat. all bindable Ras/GTP (defined by its binding to A85K-RBD) suggests that Ras/GTP exists as several isoforms and that only a minority of these isoforms are capable of assocg. with wt.-RBD. These findings provide the first exptl. evidence in support of functionally distinct Ras/GTP isoforms. We also describe a novel anal. of such isoforms.

ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L12 We have identified mutations in Raf-1 that increase binding to Ras. The AB mutations were identified making use of three mutant forms of Ras that have reduced Raf-1 binding (Winkler, D. G., Johnson, J. C., Cooper, J. A., and Vojtek, A. B. (1997) J. Biol. Chem. 272, 24402-24409). One mutation in Raf-1, N64L, suppresses the Ras mutant R41Q but not other Ras mutants, suggesting that this mutation structurally complements the Ras R41Q mutation. Missense substitutions of residues 143 and 144 in the Raf-1 cysteine-rich domain were isolated multiple times. These Raf-1 mutants, R143Q, R143W, and K144E, were general suppressors of three different Ras mutants and had increased interaction with non-mutant Ras. Each was slightly activated relative to wild-type Raf-1 in a transformation assay. In addn., two mutants, R143W and K144E, were active when tested for induction of germinal vesicle breakdown in Xenopus oocytes. Interestingly, all three cysteine-rich domain mutations reduced the ability of the Raf-1 N-terminal regulatory region to inhibit Xenopus oocyte germinal vesicle breakdown induced by the C-terminal catalytic region of Raf-1. We propose that a direct or indirect regulatory interaction between the N- and C-terminal regions of Raf-1 is reduced by the R143W, R143Q, and K144E mutations, thereby increasing access to the Ras-binding regions of Raf-1 and increasing Raf-1 activity.

=> d 17 4, 6, 14, 20, 23, 26, 33

1.7 ANSWER 4 OF 34 MEDLINE

2001223718 ΔN MEDLINE

DN 21061396 PubMed ID: 10998357

TΙ Regulation of the Raf-1 kinase

domain by phosphorylation and 14-3-3 association.

ΑU Yip-Schneider M T; Miao W; Lin A; Barnard D S; Tzivion G; Marshall M S

Department of Medicine, Indiana University School of Medicine,

Indianapolis, IN 46202, USA.

SO BIOCHEMICAL JOURNAL, (2000 Oct 1) 351 (Pt 1) 151-9.

Journal code: 2984726R. ISSN: 0264-6021.

CY England: United Kingdom

DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LΑ English

FS Priority Journals

EΜ 200104

CS

Entered STN: 20010502

Last Updated on STN: 20010502 Entered Medline: 20010426

ANSWER 6 OF 34 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON DERWENT AND ISI L7 AN

1999-05589 BIOTECHDS

New isolated human nucleic acid unique to c-raf-1; TI

human c-raf-1 having point mutation in conserved region, may be useful for lung adenocarcinoma susceptibility diagnosis

ΑU Rapp U R; Storm S M

PA U.S.Dep.Health-Hum.Serv.

LO Washington, DC, USA.

PΙ US 5869308 9 Feb 1999

ΑI US 1997-831317 1 Apr 1997

PRAI US 1997-831317 1 Apr 1997

DTPatent

LA English

os WPI: 1999-152776 [13] DUPLICATE 3

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AN
      97429918
                   MEDLINE
 DN
      97429918
                 PubMed ID: 92855
 TI
      Mutations of critical amino acids affect the biological and biochemical
      properties of oncogenic A-Raf and Raf-1.
 ΑIJ
      Bosch E; Cherwinski H; Peterson D; McMahon M
      Department of Cell Signaling, DNAX Research Institute, Palo Alto,
 CS
      California 94304-1104, USA.
 so
      ONCOGENE, (1997 Aug 28) 15 (9) 1021-33.
      Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
      ENGLAND: United Kingdom
 DT
      Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
 LΑ
      English
 FS
      Priority Journals
ΕM
      199709
ED
      Entered STN: 19971008
      Last Updated on STN: 20000303
      Entered Medline: 19970922
L7
     ANSWER 20 OF 34
                          MEDLINE
                                                          DUPLICATE 18
AN
      95294017
                   MEDLINE
DN
      95294017
                 PubMed ID: 7539798
     Functional mapping of the N-terminal regulatory domain in the human Raf-1
ΤI
     protein kinase.
     Chow Y H; Pumiglia K; Jun T H; Dent P; Sturgill T W; Jove R
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CS
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NC
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SO
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     English
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     95408256
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AN
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L5
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              3 DUP REM L11 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
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